

General Assembly

Amendment

January Session, 2009

LCO No. 7392

HB0652907392HD0

Offered by:

REP. FONTANA, 87th Dist. SEN. CRISCO, 17th Dist.

To: Subst. House Bill No. **6529**

File No. 311

Cal. No. 251

"AN ACT CONCERNING THE LICENSING AND REGULATION OF THIRD-PARTY ADMINISTRATORS."

- 1 Strike everything after the enacting clause and substitute the
- 2 following in lieu thereof:
- 3 "Section 1. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2009) As used in sections 1 to
- 4 15, inclusive, of this act:
- 5 (1) "Adjuster" means an individual who investigates or settles loss
- 6 claims. "Adjuster" does not include an employee of an insurer who
- 7 investigates or settles claims incurred under insurance contracts
- 8 written by the insurer or an affiliated insurer.
- 9 (2) "Affiliate" or "affiliated" has the same meaning as provided in section 38a-1 of the general statutes.
- 11 (3) "Business entity" means a corporation, a limited liability
- 12 company or any other similar form of business organization, whether
- 13 for profit or nonprofit.

- 14 (4) "Commissioner" means the Insurance Commissioner.
- 15 (5) "Control" or "controlled by" has the same meaning as provided 16 in section 38a-1 of the general statutes.
- 17 (6) "Insurance producer" has the same meaning as provided in section 38a-702a of the general statutes.
- 19 (7) "Insurer" or "insurance company" means any person or 20 combination of persons doing any kind or form of insurance business 21 other than a fraternal benefit society, and includes a captive insurance 22 company, as defined in section 38a-91aa of the general statutes, a 23 captive insurer as defined in section 38-91k of the general statutes, a 24 licensed insurance company, a medical service corporation, a hospital 25 service corporation, a health care center, and a consumer dental plan 26 that provides employee welfare benefits on a self-funded basis or as 27 defined in section 38a-577 of the general statutes.
- 28 (8) "NAIC" means the National Association of Insurance 29 Commissioners.
- 30 (9) "Person" has the same meaning as provided in section 38a-1 of the general statutes.
- 32 (10) "Sell" means the exchange of an insurance contract for money or 33 other consideration, by any means, on behalf of an insurance company.
- 34 (11) "Third-party administrator" means any person who directly or 35 indirectly underwrites, collects premiums or charges from, or adjusts 36 or settles claims on, residents of this state in connection with life, 37 annuity or health coverage offered or provided by an insurer. "Third-38 party administrator" does not include:
- (A) An employer administering its employee benefit plan or the benefit plan of an affiliated employer under common management and control;
- 42 (B) A union administering a benefit plan on behalf of its members;

43 (C) An insurer that is licensed in this state or is acting as an 44 authorized insurer with respect to insurance lawfully issued to cover a 45 Connecticut resident, and sales representatives thereof;

- (D) An insurance producer who is licensed to sell life, annuity or health coverage in this state, whose activities are limited exclusively to the sale of insurance;
- 49 (E) A creditor acting on behalf of its debtors with respect to insurance covering a debt between the creditor and its debtors;
 - (F) A trust and its trustees, agents and employees acting pursuant to such trust established in conformity with 29 USC Section 186, as amended from time to time;
 - (G) A trust exempt from taxation under Section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, or any subsequent corresponding internal revenue code of the United States, as amended from time to time, and its trustees and employees acting pursuant to such trust, or a custodian and the custodian's agents and employees acting pursuant to a custodian account that meets the requirements of Section 401(f) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, or any subsequent corresponding internal revenue code of the United States, as amended from time to time;
 - (H) A credit union or a financial institution that is subject to supervision or examination by federal or state banking authorities, or a mortgage lender, to the extent such credit union, financial institution or mortgage lender collects or remits premiums to licensed insurance producers or limited lines producers or to authorized insurers, in connection with loan payments;
- 69 (I) A credit card issuing company that advances or collects 70 premiums or charges from its credit cardholders who have authorized 71 collection;
- 72 (J) An attorney-at-law who adjusts or settles claims in the normal

51

52

53

54

55

56

57

58

59

60

61

62

63

64

65

66

67

73 course of such attorney's practice or employment and who does not

- 74 collect premiums or charges in connection with life, annuity or health
- 75 coverage;
- 76 (K) An adjuster who is licensed in this state or is not subject to the
- 77 licensure requirements of chapter 702 of the general statutes and
- 78 whose activities are limited to adjusting claims;
- 79 (L) An insurance producer who is licensed in this state and acting as
- a managing general agent, as defined in section 38a-90a of the general
- 81 statutes, whose activities are limited exclusively to those specified in
- 82 said section;
- 83 (M) A business entity that is affiliated with an insurer licensed in
- 84 this state and that undertakes activities as a third-party administrator
- 85 only for the direct and assumed insurance business of the affiliated
- 86 insurer;
- 87 (N) A consortium of federally qualified health centers funded by the
- 88 state, providing services only to the recipients of programs
- 89 administered by the Department of Social Services; or
- 90 (O) A pharmacy benefits manager registered under section 38a-
- 91 479bbb of the general statutes.
- 92 (12) "Underwrites" or "underwriting" means, but is not limited to,
- 93 the acceptance of employer or individual applications for coverage of
- 94 individuals in accordance with the written rules of the insurer or self-
- 95 funded plan, and the overall planning and coordination of a benefits
- 96 program.
- 97 (13) "Uniform application" means the current version of the
- 98 National Association of Insurance Commissioners' Uniform
- 99 Application for Third Party Administrators.
- Sec. 2. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2009) (a) No person shall offer to
- act as or hold himself out to be a third-party administrator in this state
- unless such person is licensed pursuant to section 11 of this act, or is

exempt from licensure pursuant to subsection (b) of this section. This requirement shall not apply to a person employed by a third-party administrator to the extent that such person's activities are under the supervision and control of the third-party administrator. The authority granted to a third-party administrator pursuant to sections 1 to 10, inclusive, of this act shall not exempt such third-party administrator's employees from the licensing requirements of chapters 701b and 702 of the general statutes.

- (b) (1) Any insurer licensed in this state that directly or indirectly underwrites, collects premiums or charges from, or adjusts or settles claims for other than its policyholders, subscribers and certificate holders shall be exempt from sections 1 to 15, inclusive, of this act, provided such activities only involve the lines of insurance for which such insurer is licensed in this state. Any such insurer shall (A) be subject to the provisions of chapter 704 of the general statutes, (B) respond to all complaint inquiries received from the Insurance Department, not later than ten calendar days after the date a complaint is received by the insurer, and (C) with respect to any advertising that mentions any customer, obtain such customer's prior written consent.
- (2) Nothing in this section shall authorize the commissioner to regulate a self-insured health plan subject to the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974. The commissioner is authorized to regulate those activities an insurer undertakes for the administration of a self-insured health plan that do not relate to the health benefit plan and that comport with the commissioner's statutory authority to regulate insurance and the business of insurance as provided for in 29 USC 1144, as amended from time to time.
- (c) No third-party administrator shall act as such without a written agreement between such third-party administrator and an insurer or other person utilizing the services of the third-party administrator, which shall be retained as part of the official records of both the third-party administrator and such insurer or other person for the duration of such agreement and for five years thereafter. The agreement shall

contain all provisions required by this section, except insofar as those provisions that do not apply to the activities performed by the third-party administrator.

- (d) The written agreement set forth in subsection (c) of this section shall include, but not be limited to:
 - (1) A statement of activities that the third-party administrator shall undertake on behalf of the insurer or other person utilizing the services of the third-party administrator, and the lines, classes or types of insurance such third-party administrator is authorized to administer;
 - (2) A statement of the activities and responsibilities of the thirdparty administrator regarding the administration of or any standards pertaining to business underwritten by the insurer, benefits, premium rates, underwriting criteria or claims payment;
 - (3) A provision requiring the third-party administrator to render an accounting, on such frequency as the parties agree, that details all transactions performed by the third-party administrator pertaining to the business underwritten by the insurer or the business of the person utilizing the services of the third-party administrator;
 - (4) The procedures for any withdrawals to be made by the third-party administrator from the fiduciary account established under section 7 of this act. Such procedures shall address, but not be limited to: (A) Remittance to an insurer or other person utilizing the services of the third-party administrator who is entitled to remittance; (B) deposit in an account maintained in the name of the insurer or other person utilizing the services of the third-party administrator; (C) transfer to and deposit in a claims-paying account, with claims to be paid as provided for in subsection (d) of section 7 of this act; (D) payment to a group policyholder for remittance to the insurer or other person utilizing the services of the third-party administrator entitled to such remittance; (E) payment to the third-party administrator for its commissions, fees or charges; and (F) remittance of return premiums to the person or persons entitled to such return premiums;

168 (5) Procedures and requirements for the disclosures required to be 169 made by the third-party administrator under section 9 of this act; and

- (6) A termination provision, by which either party to the written agreement may terminate such agreement for cause, that includes a procedure to resolve any disputes regarding the cause for termination of such agreement.
- (e) A third-party administrator or insurer or other person utilizing the services of the third-party administrator may, with written notice, terminate the written agreement for cause as provided in such written agreement. The insurer may suspend the underwriting authority of the third-party administrator during the pendency of any dispute regarding the cause for termination of the written agreement. The insurer or other person utilizing the services of the third-party administrator shall fulfill any legal obligations with respect to policies or plans affected by the written agreement, regardless of any dispute between the third-party administrator and the insurer or other person utilizing the services of the third-party administrator.
- Sec. 3. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2009*) (a) If an insurer or other person utilizes the services of a third-party administrator, the payment of any premiums or charges by or on behalf of an insured to the third-party administrator shall be deemed to have been received by the insurer or other person utilizing the services of the third-party administrator.
- (b) Return premium payments or claim payments forwarded by the insurer or other person utilizing the services of the third-party administrator to the third-party administrator shall not be deemed to have been paid to the insured or claimant until such payments are received by such insured or claimant.
- (c) Nothing in this section shall limit any right of an insurer or other person utilizing the services of a third-party administrator to bring a cause of action arising from the failure of such third-party administrator to make payments to the insurer, other person utilizing

the services of the third-party administrator, insureds or claimants.

Sec. 4. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2009) (a) (1) Each third-party administrator shall maintain and make available to the insurer or other person utilizing the services of the third-party administrator complete books and records of all transactions performed on behalf of the insurer or other person utilizing the services of the third-party administrator. Each third-party administrator shall (A) maintain such books and records in accordance with prudent standards of insurance record keeping, and (B) retain such books and records for a period of not less than five years from the date of their creation.

- (2) The insurer or other person utilizing the services of a third-party administrator shall own any records generated by such third-party administrator pertaining to such insurer or other person utilizing the services of such third-party administrator. The third-party administrator shall retain the right to maintain continued access to books and records to permit the third-party administrator to fulfill all of its contractual obligations to the insurer, other person utilizing the services of the third-party administrator, insureds or claimants.
- (b) An insurer that is affiliated with a business entity as set forth in subparagraph (M) of subdivision (11) of section 1 of this act shall be responsible for the acts of such business entity to the extent of such business entity's activities as a third-party administrator for such insurer. Such insurer shall be responsible for furnishing the books and records of all transactions performed on behalf of the insurer to the commissioner upon the commissioner's request.
- (c) The commissioner shall have access for the purposes of examination, audit and inspection to books and records maintained by a third-party administrator. Any documents, materials or other information in the possession or control of the commissioner that are furnished by a third-party administrator, insurer, insurance producer or employee or agent thereof acting on behalf of such third-party administrator, insurer or insurance producer, or obtained by the

commissioner in an investigation shall (1) be confidential by law and privileged, (2) not be subject to disclosure under section 1-210 of the general statutes, (3) not be subject to subpoena, and (4) not be subject to discovery or admissible in evidence in any private civil action. The commissioner may use such documents, materials or other information in the furtherance of any regulatory or legal action brought as a part of the commissioner's official duties.

- (d) Neither the commissioner nor any person who receives documents, materials or other information as set forth in subsection (c) of this section while acting under the authority of the commissioner shall testify or be required to testify in any private civil action concerning such documents, materials or information.
- (e) To assist the commissioner in the performance of the commissioner's duties, the commissioner may:
 - (1) Share documents, materials or other information, including documents, materials or other information deemed confidential and privileged pursuant to subsection (c) of this section, with other state, federal and international regulatory agencies, the National Association of Insurance Commissioners or its affiliates or subsidiaries and state, federal and international law enforcement authorities, provided the recipient of such documents, materials or other information agrees to maintain the confidentiality and privileged status of such documents, materials or other information;
 - (2) Receive documents, materials or other information, including confidential and privileged documents, materials or other information from the National Association of Insurance Commissioners or its affiliates or subsidiaries and from regulatory and law enforcement officials of foreign or domestic jurisdictions. The commissioner shall maintain as confidential or privileged any documents, materials or other information received with notice or the understanding that such documents, materials or other information are confidential or privileged under the laws of the jurisdiction that is the source of such

- 264 documents, materials or other information; and
- 265 (3) Enter into agreements governing the sharing and use of information consistent with this subsection.
- (f) No waiver of any applicable privilege or claim of confidentiality in any documents, materials or other information shall occur as a result of disclosure to the commissioner or of sharing in accordance with subsection (e) of this section.
 - (g) Nothing in sections 1 to 15, inclusive, of this act shall prohibit the commissioner from releasing final, adjudicated actions, including for cause terminations of licenses issued to third-party administrators, to a database or other clearinghouse service maintained by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners or its affiliates or subsidiaries.
 - (h) Notwithstanding the provisions of subparagraph (B) of subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of this section, if a written agreement set forth in subsection (c) of this section is terminated, the third-party administrator may, by a separate written agreement with the insurer or other person utilizing the services of the third-party administrator, transfer all books and records to a new third-party administrator. Such new third-party administrator shall acknowledge to the insurer or other person utilizing the services of the new third-party administrator, in writing, that the new third-party administrator shall be responsible for retaining the books and records of the prior third-party administrator as required under subparagraph (B) of subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of this section.
 - Sec. 5. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2009*) A third-party administrator shall only use advertising pertaining to the business underwritten by an insurer that has been approved, in writing, by the insurer prior to its use. A third-party administrator that mentions any customer or person utilizing the services of the third-party administrator in its advertising shall obtain such customer's or person's prior written consent.

Sec. 6. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2009*) (a) Each insurer or other person utilizing the services of a third-party administrator shall be responsible for determining the benefits, premium rates, underwriting criteria and claims payment procedures for the lines, classes or types of insurance such third-party administrator is authorized to administer, and for securing reinsurance, if any. The insurer or other person utilizing the services of a third-party administrator shall provide to such third-party administrator, in writing, procedures pertaining to such third-party administrator's administration of benefits, premium rates, underwriting criteria and claims payment. Each insurer or other person utilizing the services of a third-party administrator shall be responsible for the competent administration of such insurer's or other person's benefit and service programs.

(b) If a third-party administrator administers benefits for more than one hundred certificate holders on behalf of an insurer or other person utilizing the services of a third-party administrator, such insurer or other person shall, at least semiannually, conduct a review of the operations of the third-party administrator. At least one such review shall be an on-site audit of the operations of the third-party administrator.

Sec. 7. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2009) (a) All premiums or charges collected by a third-party administrator on behalf of or for an insurer or other person utilizing the services of a third-party administrator, and the return of premiums received from such insurer or other person, shall be held by the third-party administrator in a fiduciary capacity. The funds shall be immediately remitted to the person entitled to them or deposited promptly in a fiduciary account established and maintained by the third-party administrator in a federal or state chartered, federally insured financial institution. The third-party administrator shall render an accounting to the insurer or other person utilizing the services of a third-party administrator that details all transactions performed by the insurer or the business of the person utilizing the services of a third-party administrator.

(b) Each third-party administrator that deposits in a fiduciary account charges or premiums collected on behalf of or for one or more insurers or other persons utilizing the services of the third-party administrator shall keep clear records of the deposits in and withdrawals from the account on behalf of each insurer or other person utilizing the services of the third-party administrator. The third-party administrator shall keep copies of all the records and, upon request by the insurer or other person utilizing the services of the third-party administrator, shall furnish such insurer or other person with a copy of the records of the deposits and withdrawals pertaining to such insurer or other person.

- (c) A third-party administrator shall not pay any claim by making withdrawals from a fiduciary account in which premiums or charges are deposited. Withdrawals from the account shall be made as provided in the written agreement set forth in subsection (c) of section 2 of this act.
- (d) All claims paid by the third-party administrator from funds collected on behalf of or for an insurer or other person utilizing the services of the third-party administrator shall be paid only by drafts or checks of, and as authorized by, such insurer or other person.
 - Sec. 8. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2009) (a) A third-party administrator shall not enter into any written or oral agreement or understanding with an insurer or other person utilizing the services of the third-party administrator that makes or has the effect of making the amount of the third-party administrator's commissions, fees, or charges contingent upon savings effected in the adjustment, settlement or payment of losses covered by the insurer's or other person utilizing the services of the third-party administrator's obligations. This provision shall not prohibit a third-party administrator from receiving performance-based compensation for providing hospital auditing or other auditing services.
- 360 (b) This section shall not prevent the compensation of a third-party

administrator from being based on premiums or charges collected or the number of claims paid or processed.

- Sec. 9. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2009*) (a) When the services of a third-party administrator are utilized, such third-party administrator shall provide a written notice, approved by the insurer or other person utilizing the services of the third-party administrator, to insureds advising them of the identity of, and relationship among, the third-party administrator, the policyholder and the insurer or other person utilizing the services of the third-party administrator.
 - (b) When a third-party administrator collects premiums, charges or fees, the reason for collection of each item shall be identified to the insured and each item shall be shown separately. Additional charges shall not be made for services to the extent the services have been paid for by the insurer or other person utilizing the services of the third-party administrator.
 - (c) The third-party administrator shall disclose to the insurer or other person utilizing the services of the third-party administrator all charges, fees and commissions that the third-party administrator receives arising from services it provides for the insurer or other person utilizing the services of the third-party administrator, including any fees or commissions paid by insurers providing reinsurance or stop loss coverage.
 - Sec. 10. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2009*) Any policies, certificates, booklets, termination notices or other written communications delivered by an insurer or other person utilizing the services of a third-party administrator to such third-party administrator for delivery to such insurer's or other person's insureds shall be delivered by the third-party administrator promptly after receipt of instructions to deliver them from an insurer or other person utilizing the services of the third-party administrator.
- Sec. 11. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2009*) (a) A third-party administrator applying for licensure shall submit an application to the

commissioner by using the uniform application and paying a fee pursuant to section 38a-11 of the general statutes, as amended by this act. The uniform application shall include or be accompanied by the following information and documents: (1) All basic organizational documents of the applicant, including any articles of incorporation, articles of association, partnership agreement, trade name certificate, trust agreement, shareholder agreement and other applicable documents and all amendments to such documents; (2) the bylaws, rules, regulations or similar documents regulating the internal affairs of the applicant; (3) a NAIC biographical affidavit for the individuals responsible for the conduct of affairs of the applicant, including (A) all members of the board of directors, board of trustees, executive committee or other governing board or committee; (B) the principal officers in the case of a corporation or the partners or members in the case of a partnership, association or limited liability company; (C) any shareholders or member holding directly or indirectly ten per cent or more of the voting stock, voting securities or voting interest of the applicant; and (D) any other person who exercises control or influence over the affairs of the applicant; (4) audited annual financial statements or reports for the two most recent fiscal years that prove the applicant has a positive net worth. If the applicant has been in existence for less than two fiscal years, the uniform application shall include financial statements or reports, certified by an officer of the applicant and prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, for any completed fiscal years and for any month during the current fiscal year for which such financial statements or reports have been completed. An audited annual financial statement or report prepared on a consolidated basis shall include a columnar consolidating or combining worksheet that shall be filed with the report and include the following: (A) Amounts shown on the consolidated audited financial report shall be shown on the worksheet; (B) amounts for each entity shall be stated separately; and (C) explanations of consolidating and eliminating entries shall be included. The applicant shall include such other information as the commissioner may require to review the current financial condition of

393

394

395

396

397

398

399

400

401

402

403404

405

406

407

408

409

410

411

412

413

414

415

416

417

418

419

420

421

422

423

424

425

426

the applicant; (5) a statement describing the business plan including information on staffing levels and activities proposed in this state and nationwide. The plan shall provide details setting forth the applicant's capability for providing a sufficient number of experienced and qualified personnel in the areas of claims processing, recordkeeping and underwriting; and (6) such other pertinent information as may be required by the commissioner.

- (b) A third-party administrator applying for licensure shall make available for inspection by the commissioner copies of all written agreements with insurers or other persons utilizing the services of the third-party administrator.
- (c) A third-party administrator applying for licensure shall produce its accounts, records and files for examination and shall make its officers available to give information with respect to its affairs, as often as is reasonably required by the commissioner.
- (d) The commissioner may refuse to issue a license if the commissioner determines that the third-party administrator or any individual responsible for the conduct of the affairs of the third-party administrator is not competent, trustworthy, financially responsible or of good personal and business reputation, or has had an insurance or a third-party administrator certificate of authority or license denied or revoked for cause by any jurisdiction, or if the commissioner determines that any of the grounds set forth in section 14 of this act exists with respect to the third-party administrator.
- (e) Any license issued to a third-party administrator shall be in force until September thirtieth of each year, unless sooner revoked or suspended as provided in this section. The license may be renewed, at the discretion of the commissioner, upon payment of the fee specified in section 38a-11 of the general statutes, as amended by this act, without the resubmission of the detailed information required in the original application.
- 459 (f) A third-party administrator licensed or applying for licensure

under this section shall notify the commissioner immediately of any material change in its ownership, control or other fact or circumstance affecting its qualification for a license in this state.

- (g) A third-party administrator licensed or applying for a license under this section that administers or will administer governmental or church self-insured plans in this state or any other state shall maintain a surety bond, for use by the commissioner and the insurance regulatory authority of any additional state in which the third-party administrator is authorized to conduct business, to cover individuals and persons who have remitted premiums, charges or fees to the third-party administrator in the course of the third-party administrator's business, in the greater of the following amounts: (1) One hundred thousand dollars; or (2) ten per cent of the aggregate total amount of self-funded coverage under governmental plans or church plans handled in this state and all additional states in which the third-party administrator is authorized to conduct business.
- Sec. 12. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2009) A person who is not required to be licensed as a third-party administrator under subdivision (11) of section 1 or section 2 of this act and who directly or indirectly underwrites, collects charges or premiums from, or adjusts or settles claims on residents of this state, only in connection with life, annuity or health coverage provided by a self-funded plan other than governmental or church plans, shall register annually with the commissioner not later than October first on a form designated by the commissioner.
- Sec. 13. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2009) (a) Each third-party administrator licensed under section 11 of this act shall file an annual report for the preceding calendar year with the commissioner on or before July first of each year or within such extension of time as the commissioner may grant for good cause. The annual report shall include an audited financial statement performed by an independent certified public accountant. An audited annual financial statement or report prepared on a consolidated basis shall include a columnar

consolidating or combining worksheet that shall be filed with the 493 494 report and include the following: (1) Amounts shown on the 495 consolidated audited financial report shall be shown on the worksheet; 496 (2) amounts for each entity shall be stated separately; and (3) 497 explanations of consolidating and eliminating entries shall be 498 included. The report shall be in the form and contain such information 499 as the commissioner prescribes and shall be verified by at least two 500 officers of the third-party administrator.

- (b) The annual report shall include the complete names and addresses of all insurers or other persons with which the third-party administrator had written agreements during the preceding fiscal year.
- (c) At the time of filing the annual report, the third-party administrator shall pay a filing fee as specified in section 38a-11 of the general statutes, as amended by this act.
- (d) The commissioner shall review the most recently filed annual report of each third-party administrator on or before September first of each year. Upon completion of its review, the commissioner shall: (1) Issue a certification to the third-party administrator that the annual report shows the third-party administrator has a positive net worth as evidenced by audited financial statements and is currently licensed and in good standing, or noting any deficiencies found in such annual report or financial statements; or (2) update any electronic database maintained by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners, its affiliates or subsidiaries, indicating that the annual report shows the third-party administrator has a positive net worth as evidenced by audited financial statements and complies with existing law, or noting any deficiencies found in such annual report or financial statements.
- Sec. 14. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2009) (a) The commissioner shall suspend or revoke the license of a third-party administrator, or shall issue a cease and desist order if the third-party administrator does not have a license if, after notice and hearing, the commissioner finds that the third-party administrator: (1) Is in an unsound financial condition;

501

502

503

504

505

506

507

508

509

510

511

512

513

514

515

516

517

518

519

520

521

522

523

(2) is using such methods or practices in the conduct of its business so as to render its further transaction of business in this state hazardous or injurious to insured persons or the public; or (3) has failed to pay any judgment rendered against it in this state within sixty days after the judgment has become final.

(b) The commissioner may suspend or revoke the license of a thirdparty administrator, or may issue a cease and desist order if the thirdparty administrator does not have a license if, after notice and hearing, the commissioner finds that the third-party administrator: (1) Has violated any lawful rule or order of the commissioner or any provision of the insurance laws of this state; (2) (A) has refused to be examined or to produce its accounts, records and files for examination, or (B) if any individual responsible for the conduct of the affairs of the thirdparty administrator, including (i) members of the board of directors, board of trustees, executive committee or other governing board or committee, (ii) the principal officers in the case of a corporation or the partners or members in the case of a partnership, association or limited liability company, (iii) any shareholder or member holding directly or indirectly ten per cent or more of the voting stock, voting securities or voting interest of the third-party administrator, and (iv) any other person who exercises control or influence over the affairs of the thirdparty administrator, has refused to provide information with respect to its affairs or to perform other legal obligations as to an examination, when required by the commissioner; (3) has, without just cause, refused to pay proper claims or perform services arising under its contracts or has, without just cause, caused insureds to accept less than the amount due or caused insureds to employ attorneys or bring suit against the third-party administrator to secure full payment or settlement of such claims; (4) fails at any time to meet any qualification for which issuance of a license could have been refused had the failure then existed and been known to the commissioner; (5) has any individual who is responsible for the conduct of its affairs, including (A) members of the board of directors, board of trustees, executive committee or other governing board or committee, (B) the principal

525

526

527

528

529

530

531

532

533

534

535

536537

538

539

540

541

542

543

544

545

546

547

548

549

550

551

552553

554

555

556

557

officers in the case of a corporation or the partners or members in the case of a partnership, association or limited liability company, (C) any shareholder or member holding directly or indirectly ten per cent or more of its voting stock, voting securities or voting interest, and (D) any other person who exercises control or influence over its affairs, who has been convicted of or has entered a plea of guilty or nolo contendere to a felony, without regard to whether adjudication was withheld; (6) is under suspension or revocation in another state; or (7) has failed to file a timely annual report pursuant to section 13 of this act.

- (c) (1) The commissioner may, without advance notice and before a hearing, issue an order immediately suspending the license of a third-party administrator, or may issue a cease and desist order if the third-party administrator does not have a license, if the commissioner finds that one or more of the following circumstances exist: (A) The third-party administrator is insolvent or impaired; (B) a proceeding for receivership, conservatorship, rehabilitation or other delinquency proceeding regarding the third-party administrator has been commenced in any state; or (C) the financial condition or business practices of the third-party administrator otherwise pose an imminent threat to the public health, safety or welfare of the residents of this state.
- (2) At the time the commissioner issues an order pursuant to subdivision (1) of this subsection, the commissioner shall serve notice to the third-party administrator that such third-party administrator may request a hearing not later than ten business days after the receipt of the order. If a hearing is requested, the commissioner shall schedule a hearing not later than ten business days after receipt of the request. If a hearing is not requested and the commissioner does not choose to hold one, the order shall remain in effect until modified or vacated by the commissioner.
- 590 Sec. 15. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2009*) The Insurance 591 Commissioner may adopt regulations, in accordance with chapter 54

of the general statutes, to implement the provisions of sections 1 to 14, inclusive, of this act.

- Sec. 16. Subsection (a) of section 38a-15 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2009*):
- (a) The commissioner shall, as often as [he] <u>the commissioner</u> deems it expedient, undertake a market conduct examination of the affairs of any insurance company, health care center, <u>third-party administrator</u>, as <u>defined in section 1 of this act</u>, or fraternal benefit society doing business in this state.
- Sec. 17. Subsection (a) of section 38a-11 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective* October 1, 2009):
- 605 (a) The commissioner shall demand and receive the following fees: 606 (1) For the annual fee for each license issued to a domestic insurance 607 company, one hundred dollars; (2) for receiving and filing annual 608 reports of domestic insurance companies, twenty-five dollars; (3) for 609 filing all documents prerequisite to the issuance of a license to an 610 insurance company, one hundred seventy-five dollars, except that the 611 fee for such filings by any health care center, as defined in section 38a-612 175, shall be one thousand one hundred dollars; (4) for filing any 613 additional paper required by law, fifteen dollars; (5) for each certificate 614 of valuation, organization, reciprocity or compliance, twenty dollars; 615 (6) for each certified copy of a license to a company, twenty dollars; (7) 616 for each certified copy of a report or certificate of condition of a 617 company to be filed in any other state, twenty dollars; (8) for 618 amending a certificate of authority, one hundred dollars; (9) for each 619 license issued to a rating organization, one hundred dollars. In 620 addition, insurance companies shall pay any fees imposed under 621 section 12-211; (10) a filing fee of twenty-five dollars for each initial 622 application for a license made pursuant to section 38a-769; (11) with 623 respect to insurance agents' appointments: (A) A filing fee of twenty-

five dollars for each request for any agent appointment, except that no filing fee shall be payable for a request for agent appointment by an insurance company domiciled in a state or foreign country which does not require any filing fee for a request for agent appointment for a Connecticut insurance company; (B) a fee of forty dollars for each appointment issued to an agent of a domestic insurance company or for each appointment continued; and (C) a fee of twenty dollars for each appointment issued to an agent of any other insurance company or for each appointment continued, except that no fee shall be payable for an appointment issued to an agent of an insurance company domiciled in a state or foreign country which does not require any fee for an appointment issued to an agent of a Connecticut insurance company; (12) with respect to insurance producers: (A) An examination fee of seven dollars for each examination taken, except when a testing service is used, the testing service shall pay a fee of seven dollars to the commissioner for each examination taken by an applicant; (B) a fee of forty dollars for each license issued; (C) a fee of forty dollars per year, or any portion thereof, for each license renewed; and (D) a fee of forty dollars for any license renewed under the transitional process established in section 38a-784; (13) with respect to public adjusters: (A) An examination fee of seven dollars for each examination taken, except when a testing service is used, the testing service shall pay a fee of seven dollars to the commissioner for each examination taken by an applicant; and (B) a fee of one hundred twenty-five dollars for each license issued or renewed; (14) with respect to casualty adjusters: (A) An examination fee of ten dollars for each examination taken, except when a testing service is used, the testing service shall pay a fee of ten dollars to the commissioner for each examination taken by an applicant; (B) a fee of forty dollars for each license issued or renewed; and (C) the expense of any examination administered outside the state shall be the responsibility of the entity making the request and such entity shall pay to the commissioner one hundred dollars for such examination and the actual traveling expenses of the examination administrator to administer such examination; (15) with respect to motor vehicle

624

625

626

627

628

629

630

631

632

633

634

635

636

637

638

639

640

641 642

643

644

645

646

647

648

649

650

651

652

653

654

655

656

657

physical damage appraisers: (A) An examination fee of forty dollars for each examination taken, except when a testing service is used, the testing service shall pay a fee of forty dollars to the commissioner for each examination taken by an applicant; (B) a fee of forty dollars for each license issued or renewed; and (C) the expense of any examination administered outside the state shall be the responsibility of the entity making the request and such entity shall pay to the commissioner one hundred dollars for such examination and the actual traveling expenses of the examination administrator to administer such examination; (16) with respect to certified insurance consultants: (A) An examination fee of thirteen dollars for each examination taken, except when a testing service is used, the testing service shall pay a fee of thirteen dollars to the commissioner for each examination taken by an applicant; (B) a fee of two hundred dollars for each license issued; and (C) a fee of one hundred twenty-five dollars for each license renewed; (17) with respect to surplus lines brokers: (A) An examination fee of ten dollars for each examination taken, except when a testing service is used, the testing service shall pay a fee of ten dollars to the commissioner for each examination taken by an applicant; and (B) a fee of five hundred dollars for each license issued or renewed; (18) with respect to fraternal agents, a fee of forty dollars for each license issued or renewed; (19) a fee of thirteen dollars for each license certificate requested, whether or not a license has been issued; (20) with respect to domestic and foreign benefit societies shall pay: (A) For service of process, twenty-five dollars for each person or insurer to be served; (B) for filing a certified copy of its charter or articles of association, five dollars; (C) for filing the annual report, ten dollars; and (D) for filing any additional paper required by law, three dollars; (21) with respect to foreign benefit societies: (A) For each certificate of organization or compliance, four dollars; (B) for each certified copy of permit, two dollars; and (C) for each copy of a report or certificate of condition of a society to be filed in any other state, four dollars; (22) with respect to reinsurance intermediaries: A fee of five hundred dollars for each license issued or renewed; (23) with respect to life settlement providers: (A) A filing fee of thirteen dollars for each

659

660

661

662 663

664 665

666 667

668

669

670

671

672

673

674

675

676

677

678

679

680

681

682

683

684

685

686

687

688

689

690

691

692

initial application for a license made pursuant to section 38a-465a; and (B) a fee of twenty dollars for each license issued or renewed; (24) with respect to life settlement brokers: (A) A filing fee of thirteen dollars for each initial application for a license made pursuant to section 38a-465a; and (B) a fee of twenty dollars for each license issued or renewed; (25) with respect to preferred provider networks, a fee of two thousand five hundred dollars for each license issued or renewed; (26) with respect to rental companies, as defined in section 38a-799, a fee of forty dollars for each permit issued or renewed; (27) with respect to medical discount plan organizations licensed under section 38a-479rr, a fee of five hundred dollars for each license issued or renewed; (28) with respect to pharmacy benefits managers, an application fee of fifty dollars for each registration issued or renewed; (29) with respect to captive insurance companies, as defined in section 38a-91aa, a fee of three hundred dollars for each license issued or renewed; [and] (30) with respect to each duplicate license issued a fee of twenty-five dollars for each license issued; and (31) with respect to third-party administrators, as defined in section 1 of this act, (A) a fee of five hundred dollars for each license issued, (B) a fee of three hundred fifty dollars for each license renewed, and (C) a fee of one hundred dollars for each annual report filed pursuant to section 13 of this act."

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:		
Section 1	October 1, 2009	New section
Sec. 2	October 1, 2009	New section
Sec. 3	October 1, 2009	New section
Sec. 4	October 1, 2009	New section
Sec. 5	October 1, 2009	New section
Sec. 6	October 1, 2009	New section
Sec. 7	October 1, 2009	New section
Sec. 8	October 1, 2009	New section
Sec. 9	October 1, 2009	New section
Sec. 10	October 1, 2009	New section
Sec. 11	October 1, 2009	New section
Sec. 12	October 1, 2009	New section

694

695 696

697

698

699

700

701

702

703

704

705

706

707

708

709

710

711712

713

Sec. 13	October 1, 2009	New section
Sec. 14	October 1, 2009	New section
Sec. 15	October 1, 2009	New section
Sec. 16	October 1, 2009	38a-15(a)
Sec. 17	October 1, 2009	38a-11(a)